

# PEA Model: a Proposed Curriculum for Camp Directors Supporting Emerging Adults' Mental Health at Work



Haley Pogachefsky OT/s; Meredith Grinnell OT, OTD, OTR; Peter Kassen

### Introduction



Members of Generation Z report higher rates of anxiety than previous generations, especially in workplace settings <sup>1</sup>



Generation Z young adults report wanting more flexibility, individuality, & connection to their values in their work experiences than previous generations, creating potential areas of conflict with supervisors <sup>2, 3</sup>

Chronic activation of the stress response system impairs learning & higher



Supervisors could support learning & positive engagement for emerging adult staff by addressing the stress response system in the workplace<sup>6</sup>

order thinking (time management, creativity, problem solving) 4,5



Occupational therapy's (OT) PEO model offers an opportunity for camp directors to approach supporting their emerging adult staff with curiosity 7, 8, 9

## Partner Site Background & Needs



Hidden Valley Camp (HVC) is a private, co-ed residential summer camp in Maine. They value acceptance, independence, responsibility, & creativity 10



Staff are typically 18-24 years old, from the US & abroad. Recently higher rates of staff have struggled to meet the demands of the job

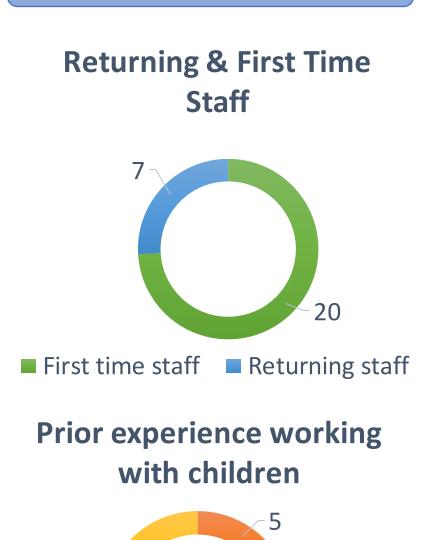


Directors requested a training for the leadership team with hands-on activities they can use with counselors during the 2-week staff training, no longer than 1.5 hours each

## Project Aims

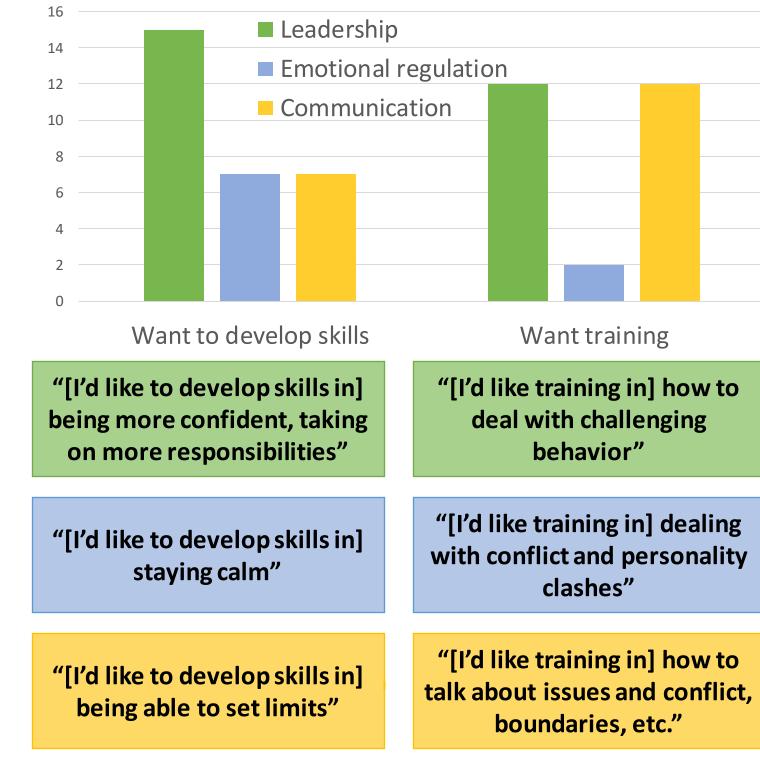
This project aims to understand the professional needs of Gen Z staff. This project then proposes a curriculum to help directors identify & implement relevant supports at HVC.

## 2023 HVC Staff Survey Results



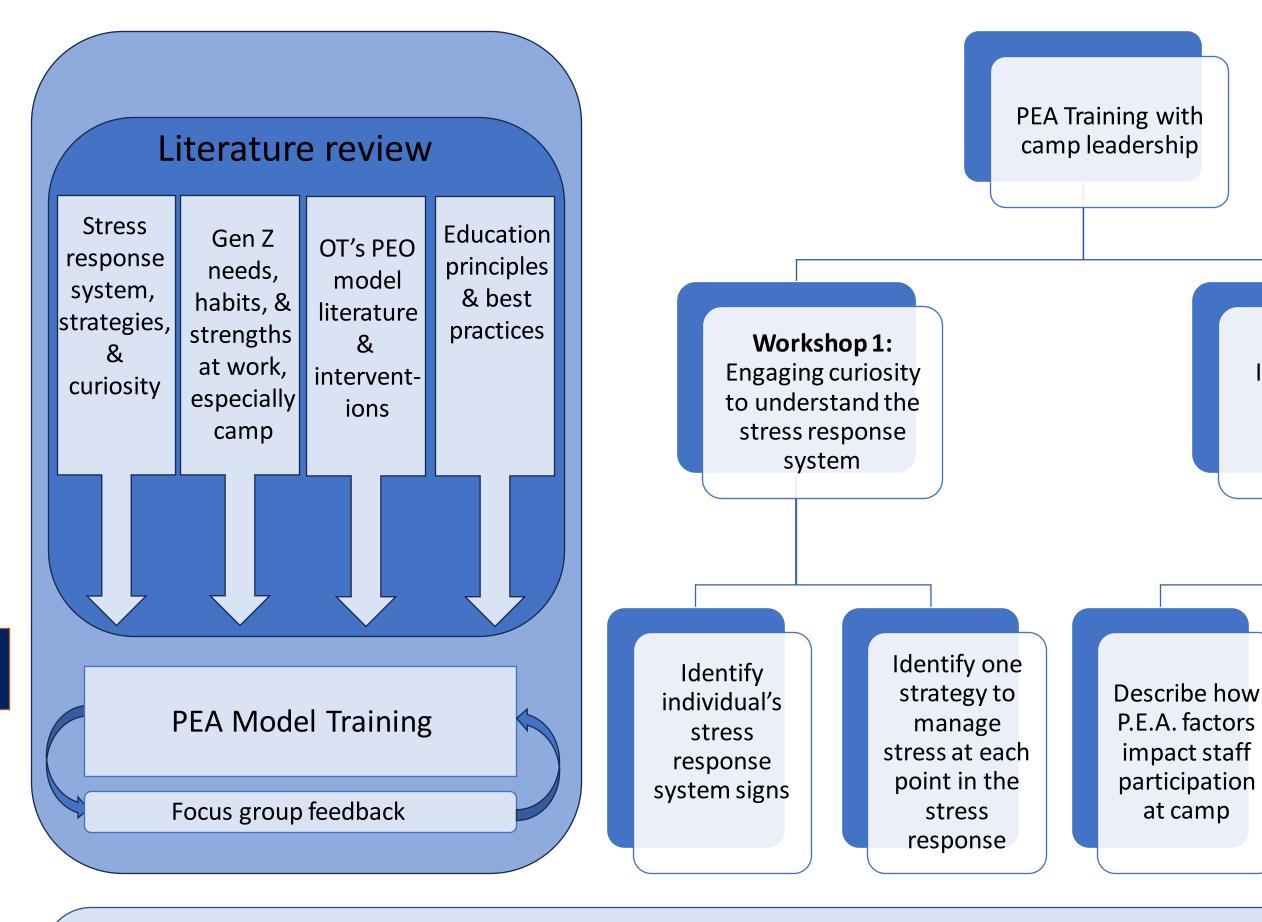
■ No ■ Yes

Participants: 27



Themes

## Curriculum Development & The P.E.A. Model



Person **Factors** 

What makes this person, or group of people, uniquely themselves?

**Environment Factors** 

What do the physical & cultural environments look, sound, and feel like?

What are we supposed to be **Activity Factors** 

doing, & how are those expectations communicated?

Workshop 2:

Introducing the

PEA model &

choosing

interventions

Identify one

support to

implement at

camp this

11, 12

#### Person<sup>13, 14, 15, 16</sup>

#### **Generation Z staff characteristics:**

- Have access to information about mental health, but limited practice implementing skills at work
- 18-24 now, 16-20 at start of Covid
- Globally minded
- High rates of chronic anxiety at work
- Crave an individualized, flexible work experience
- Committed to justice and equity

**Environment** 17, 18

#### Residential summer camp:

- New culture, new schedule, new
- Limited access to usual coping strategies
- Socializing, living, & working with the same group of people can magnify emotions

## **Activity** 19, 20

### **Participation**

What we can see a counselor doing

The result of a match, or mismatch, between P.E.A. factors

- Planning & implementing programming
- Learning on-the-fly counseling strategies
- Repetition of activities

Being a counselor:

- Managing self-care routines Managing campers' self-care routines
- Two-week intensive staff training program, limited follow up on concepts once sessions start

## Focus Groups & Intervention Areas

#### **Workshop 1 Focus Group**

### 6 participants

- 5 Gen Z - 1 Millennial
- 6 female
- 0 male

"It was very cool to see the different stress response categories translated into very modern coping mechanisms... often we aren't given literal examples"

"I learned that we cannot prevent stress but we can modulate how we react emotionally to that stress"

### Workshop 2 Focus Group

#### 3 participants

- 2 Gen Z
- 1 male

- 1 Millennial
- 2 female

"[I learned] There are many ways to be creative about adapting environment, activity, or even people to increase effectiveness of or participation in an activity"

"[I learned] All three [P.E.A.] factors are often impacting the scenario. Determining what factor needs intervention can focus a 'problem' to determine steps to create a solution"

### Possible Interventions

### **Person** 21, 22, 23

- Understand individual stress triggers & tells
- Set goals for identifying, communicating, & managing stress at camp
- Reflect on goal progress regularly
- Explicitly connect camp experience to each staff member's personal vision & professional goals

### **Environment** 24, 25

- Build a culture of curiosity around managing stressful moments in counseling &
- Schedule opportunities for reflection on goal progress

interpersonal conflict

into meetings • Create opportunities to give and receive informal feedback regularly

### **Activity** 26, 27, 28

- Name stress management and emotional regulation as part of the job
- Explicitly teach stress management strategies in the camp context
- Refer frequently to areas of assessment
  - Communicate the expectations of the job frequently and in multiple ways (verbally & written)

### Discussion & Conclusion



Curiosity plays a role in stress management during conflict resolution. As Gen Z continues to enter professional settings, generational differences may continue to create conflict. Further research can expand on the role of curiosity in intergenerational work relationships 29, 30



Because the biggest impact results from environmental interventions, this training is best suited to members of leadership, though individual stress management skills are relevant to employees at all levels<sup>31</sup>



This training will be conducted with the leadership team of HVC in May, 2024. The curriculum will continue to evolve based on feedback



