Leisure Activity Barriers with Young Adults with TBI

A Scoping Review



Ruanne Catapang, Yuna Chung, Lydia Lewis, Lauren Russell, and Niki Yan

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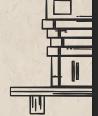
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Introduction-Importance+Background

- ☐ TBI is a **leading cause of disability and death** among young adults with TBI
- There has been a lack of research on specifically *young adults* with TBI in recent years
- Individuals with TBI usually encounter **cognitive**, **physical**, and **emotional** difficulties, as well as obstacles to **leisure participation** during the recovery period
- OTs role is to address the barriers to increase participation in daily life



Introduction- Study

☐ The indicators in this study:

- ☐ The barriers that limit participation in community leisure activities
- Community leisure programs are activities that individuals they need to do out in the community
- This study will support OTs to advocate, provide resources, maximize their independence, and educate the community
 - **Research Question:** For young adults (ages 18–26 years old) with traumatic brain injury (TBI), what barriers do they experience that affect their engagement in leisure programs in their community environment?

Methods

Interventions:

- Barriers experienced by young adults with Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)
 - Cognitive limitations: decreased emotional regulation, information processing, attention deficit, memory deficit
 - Physical limitations: fatigue, decreased mobility, pain

Outcomes:

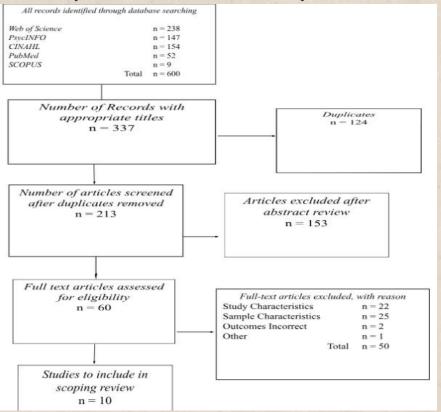
- Engagement in leisure programs in community environment
 - Measured by Community Integration Questionnaire, Semi-structured interview, Goal Attainment Scale, and Leisure Satisfaction Scale
- Rationale:
 - Barriers experienced by young adults with TBI can lead to decreased access and/or capacity to engage in community program leisure activities

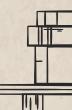


Methods (Flow Chart)

Search Terms for Database:

"Traumatic brain injury" AND leisure OR "leisure participation" AND barrier*





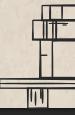
Methods

Inclusion Criteria:

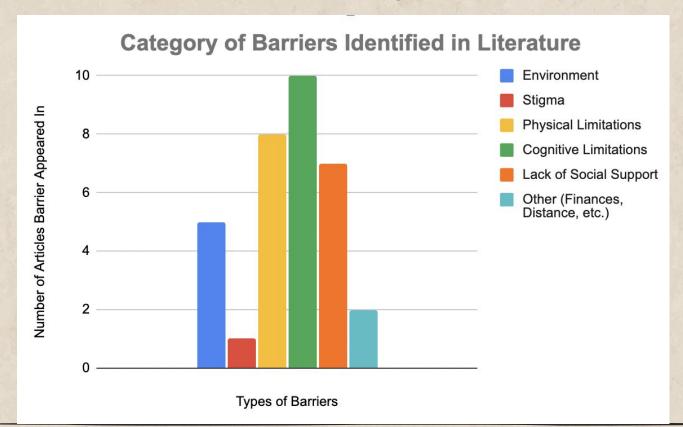
- Mild to severe Traumatic Brain Injury is primary condition studied (must be included in Acquired Brain Injury)
- Young Adults must be included (ages 18-26)
- The study has a focus on recreation and leisure activities (Main intervention and/or outcome observed)

Exclusion Criteria:

- No cognitive, intellectual, or developmental disability
- No chapters or whole books used for data collection
- Non-primary TBI specified (TBI not specified in the article)



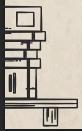
Main Result





Results in Cognitive Limitation

- Memory difficulty
 - Learning new information/ Forgetfulness of recent events
- Irritability/Aggression
 - Verbal & Physical
- Challenging Behaviors in Public
 - 'too disruptive' / 'requiring too much attention'
- Speed of Information Processing
 - o conversation/problem-solving skill



Results in Cognitive Limitations

5 M

Memory Difficulty

6

Irritability/Aggression

3

Challenging Behaviors in Public

4

Information Processing Speed



Results in Physical Limitations

- Fatigue
- > Decreased endurance
- Balancing and Mobility
 - > Sports & Social
 - Chronic Pain
 - Decreased motivation



Results in Physical Limitations

5 Fatigue

8 Balancing and Mobility

Chronic Pain

Discussion Addressing the Clinical Question

Barriers to Leisure

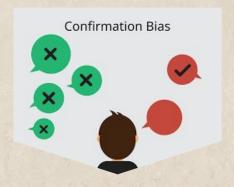
- 1. Cognitive Limitations
- 2. Physical Limitations
- 3. Lack of Social Support
- 4. Environment
- 5. Other (Finances, Distance, etc.)
- 6. Stigma







Discussion Risk for Bias



Confirmation Bias

- Avoid seeking objective facts (narrowing facts)
- Interpreting info to support our belief



Measurement Bias

 A lot of self-reported (e.g. recall) measures → subjective



OT Role





- Peer Support Groups
- Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT)
- Breathing Techniques
- Mindfulness Exercises



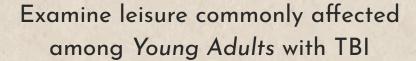
Identify Strategies & Modifications

- Adapt equipment/Provide AE
- Modify the occupation
- Daily planners or checklists
- Getting rid of distractions



Conclusion: Next Steps





Since many studies grouped young adults with older adults' experiences

→ not generalizable



Explore how leisure programs can mitigate barriers

May help maximize occupational performance with help of OT



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