

Developing and Implementing Outreach Strategies to Increase Participation in Adaptive Sports New England Programming

Department of **Occupational Therapy**

Introduction

The AOTA has identified **play** as the primary occupation for children (1)

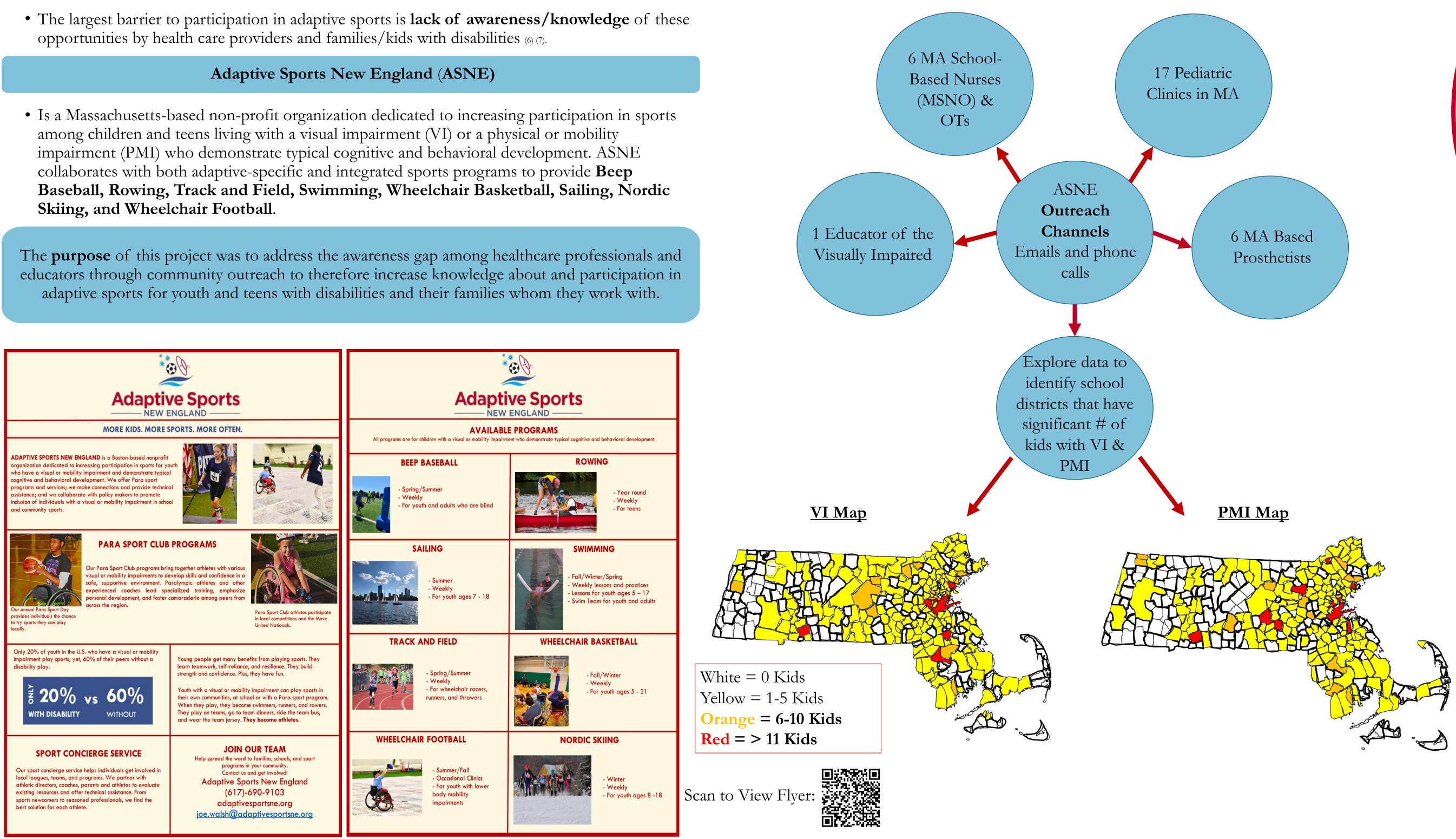
- Play provides children with the opportunity to:
- Use creativity and imagination
- Improve brain development
- Promote socialization through interacting with peers
- Promote functional independence
- Make decisions
- Maintain and improve mental, emotional, and physical health and well-being (2).

Children with physical disabilities are 13% - 53% less likely to engage in physical activity than their typically developing peers and do so at a rate that is **30% lower** than the recommended guidelines (3).

Adaptive Sports: Conventional sports that have been modified to meet the needs of people with both cognitive and physical disabilities of all ages (4) (5).

opportunities by health care providers and families/kids with disabilities (6) (7).

among children and teens living with a visual impairment (VI) or a physical or mobility Skiing, and Wheelchair Football.



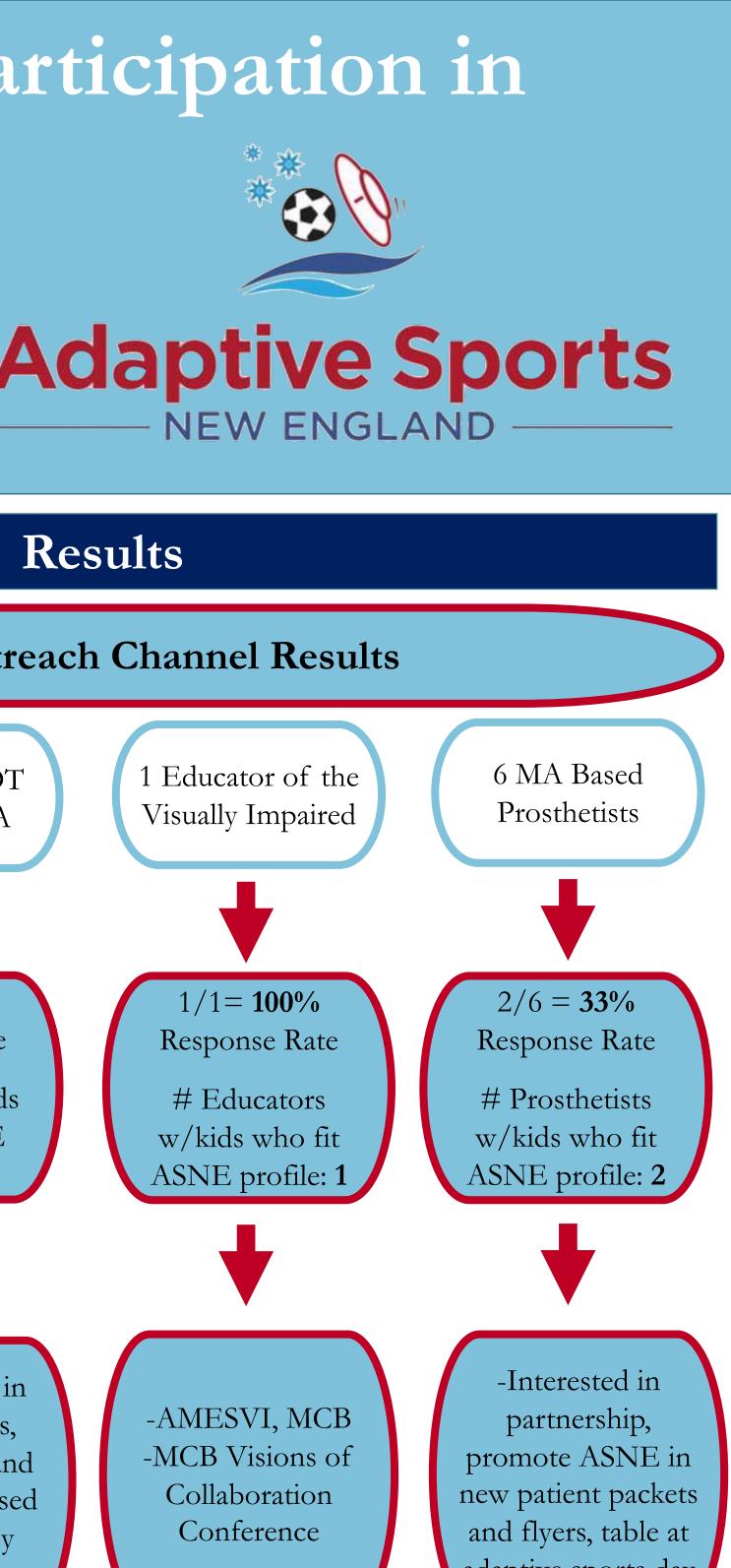
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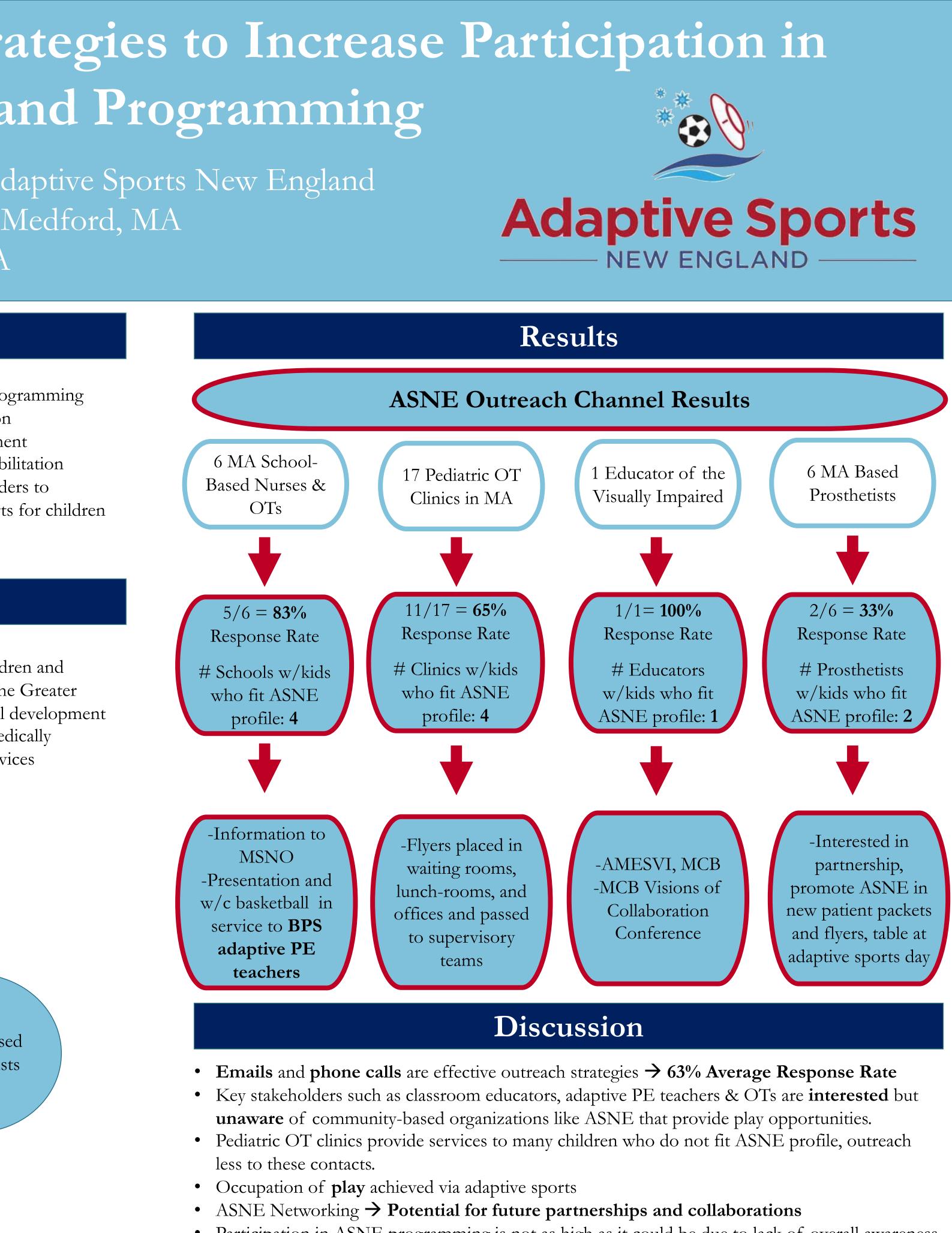
Aims

- Aim 1: Integrate into organization by volunteering in adaptive sports programming and gaining an understanding of the inner operations of the organization
- Aim 2: Create deliverable promotional materials for participant recruitment
- Aim 3: Develop an outreach strategy focused on schools, pediatric rehabilitation centers, and educators of the visually impaired and related service providers to promote Adaptive Sports New England and the power of adaptive sports for children living with disability in the Greater Boston Area

Methods

- Inclusion Criteria: Sites (schools, clinics, organizations) that serve children and youth ages 3-22 with a visual or mobility impairment, living in or near the Greater Boston Area, children who demonstrate typical cognitive and behavioral development
- Exclusion Criteria: Children with Autism, Intellectual Disability, or medically complex situations, sites and clinicians that do not provide pediatric services





• Participation in ASNE programming is not as high as it could be due to lack of overall awareness by stakeholders who serve kids who meet the ASNE profile.

Conclusion

Recommendations For Increasing Participation in Adaptive Sports Through ASNE:

- Continue outreach to stakeholders via email & phone calls.
- 2. Conduct in-service sessions with adaptive PE teachers (ex: w/c basketball clinic).
- 3. Create marketing materials & deliverables such as videos, flyers, and brochures to SHOW adaptive sports rather than TELL
- Use the population density maps to target and focus outreach on school districts labeled in the orange & red zones such as Springfield, Taunton, Boston, Worcester, Lynn, Fall River, and Weymouth.

Play is the primary occupation of childhood, and adaptive sports are a great opportunity for youth to access this occupation. ASNE can better serve communities when they focus on the areas with higher populations of children with a visual or mobility impairment.

References:



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