Calculating Area, Perimeter, and Length in ArcGIS

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Often, one needs to calculate area, perimeter, or length for features in ArcGIS. This can be accomplished using the Calculate Geometry function in an attribute table. Please note that you can also calculate the X and Y coordinates of a polygon or line centroid using this function. See ArcGIS 10.3.1 help for detailed information.

**Important note:** You can only calculate area, perimeter and length for **projected data files**! Data files that are in a geographic coordinate system, with units in decimal degrees (latitude and longitude) cannot have their area, perimeter or length calculated. You need to either project these data layers first, or set the Data Frame to a projected coordinate system. ESRI recommends that you use some kind of equal-area projection for geometry calculations.

You also must have write permission to the data to calculate area, add a field, or do any other changes to table structure or values. That means you cannot do these operations on data stored on the Tufts M: drive! You must first copy or export the data to your own space (H drive).

**Create a new attribute field to hold the area, perimeter, or length value**

Typically you want to calculate area or perimeter or length for features that don’t already have an area field in the attribute table. Therefore, you must first create a blank new attribute field to hold the area value.

1. Right click and open the attribute table for the feature class of which you would like to calculate geometry.

2. Click on the **Table Options** icon in the top left corner of the table and choose **Add Field**.
3. Name the new field (e.g., \textit{acres or sq._ft}) and make it \textit{Double} type (this is a numeric field with decimal places) and leave the precision and scale set to 0 and press OK.

![Add Field dialog box](image)

4. Now, a new field as been added to the end of the attribute table.

**Calculating Area, Perimeter, or Length of a feature class**

1. Open the layer’s attribute table, right-click on the name of the new attribute field that will hold the area calculation (e.g., acres) and choose \textit{Calculate Geometry}.

2. Ignore the warning message and press OK.

3. Choose the property you want to calculate (e.g., \textit{Area}), the coordinate system, and the units (e.g., acres), and press OK. (\textbf{Note}: if you see that the fields are disabled - e.g., \textit{Area disabled} – that means you are trying to calculate area for an unprojected data set. First, set the Data Frame’s coordinate system to a projected...
coordinate system, then go through these steps again).

4. Follow the same steps (starting from adding a field) to calculate other geometries (length, perimeter, x position, y position) if necessary.

5. The column will automatically populate with the area.

**Note:** If you have anything selected, the rows will only populate for the selected features. If this happens, unselect all features and calculate geometry again. It will overwrite previous values.

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