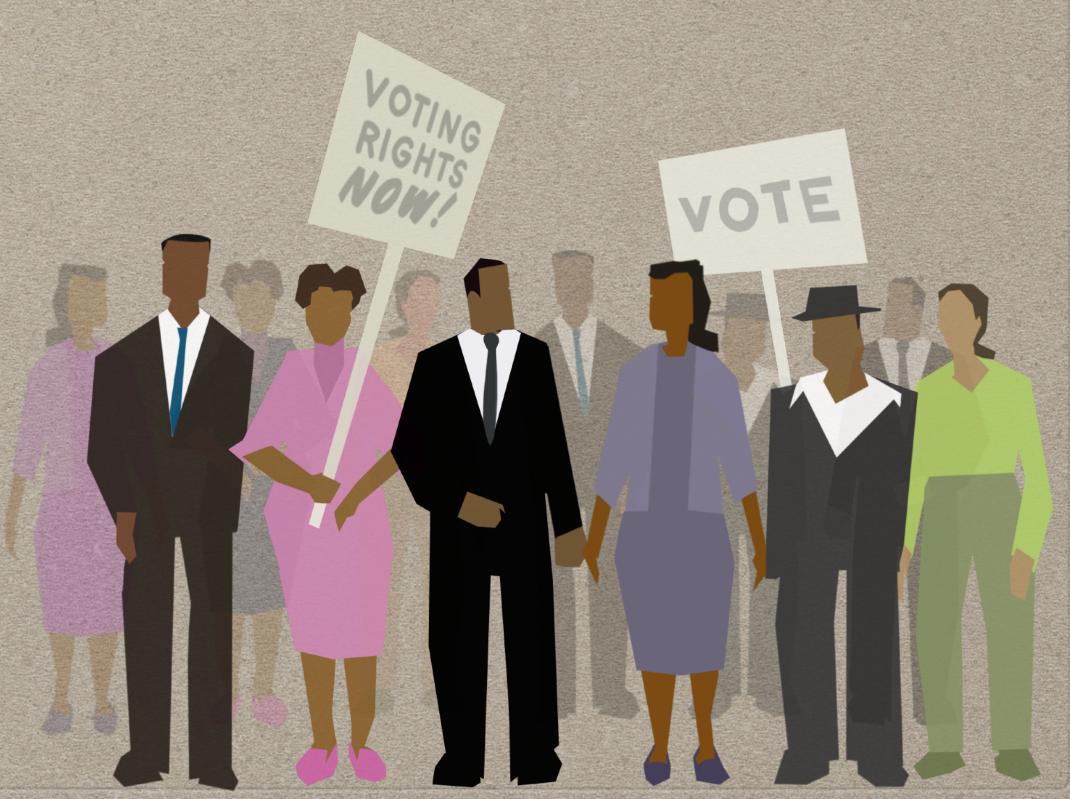
THE VOTING RIGHTS ACT

(PART ONE OF INFINITY)

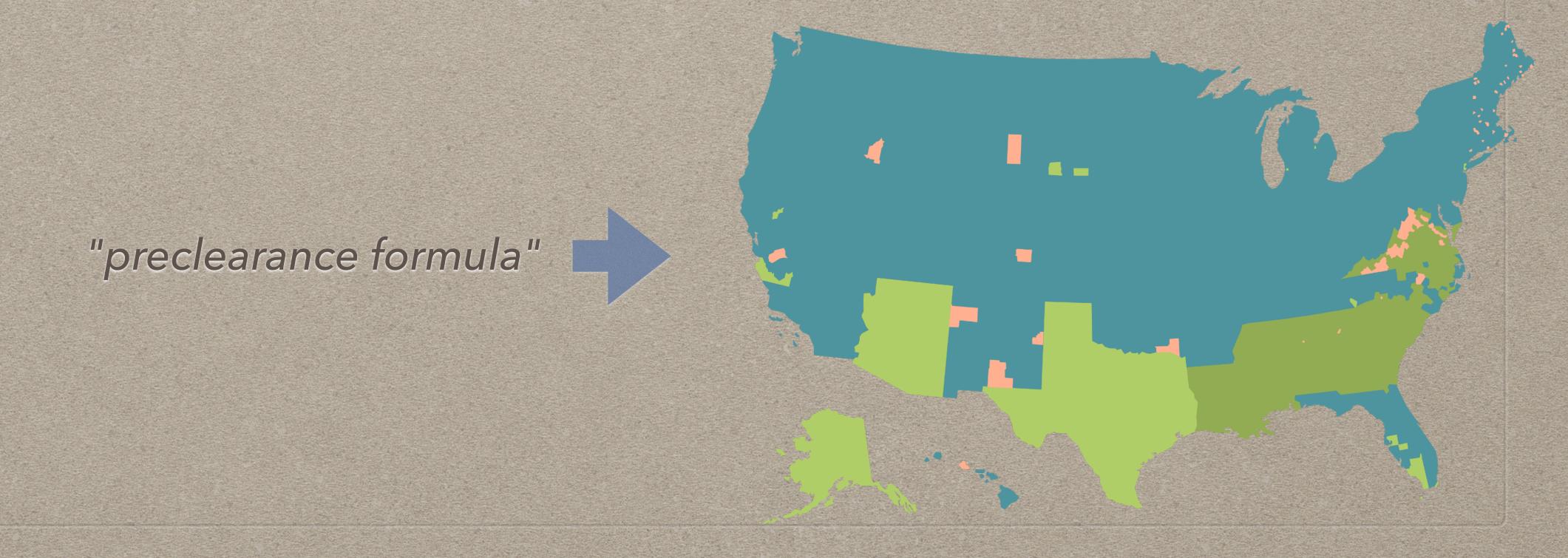


VOTING RIGHTS ACT

- precursor: Jim Crow, poll taxes, literacy tests
- VRA passed in 1965, originally for four years



- Section 2: "minority groups" should have the "opportunity to elect a candidate of choice"
- **Section 5** "preclearance": historically problematic states and localities have to get all voting changes pre-cleared by feds



- later: results suffice to sue (no proof of racist intent needed);
- language minorities count;
- Gingles Factors help make it concrete
- Shaw cases from 1990s: race can't predominate over other criteria in district lines

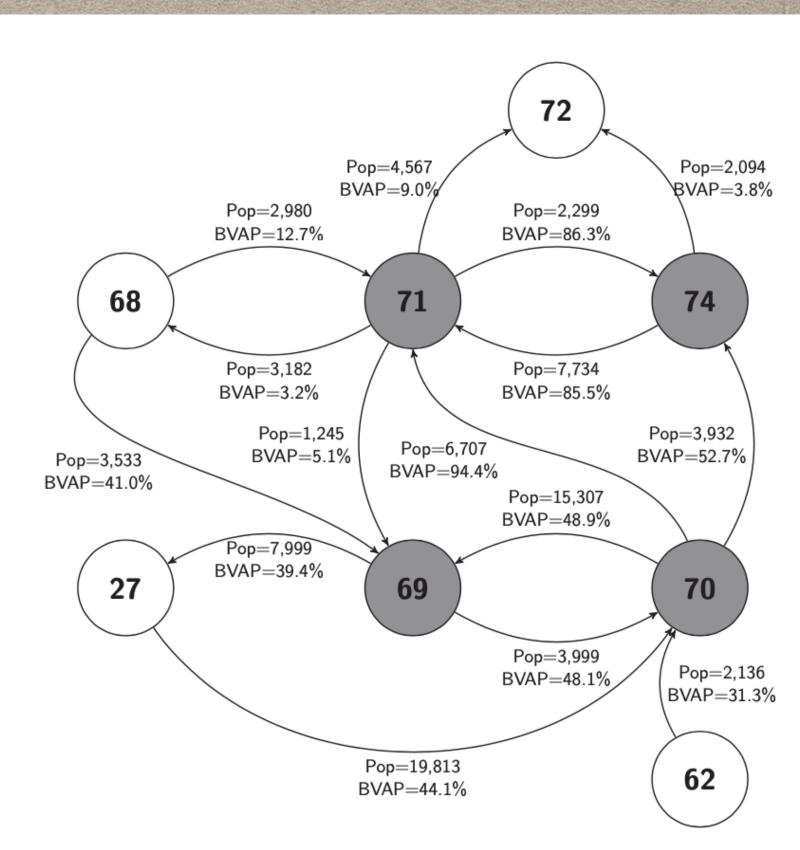
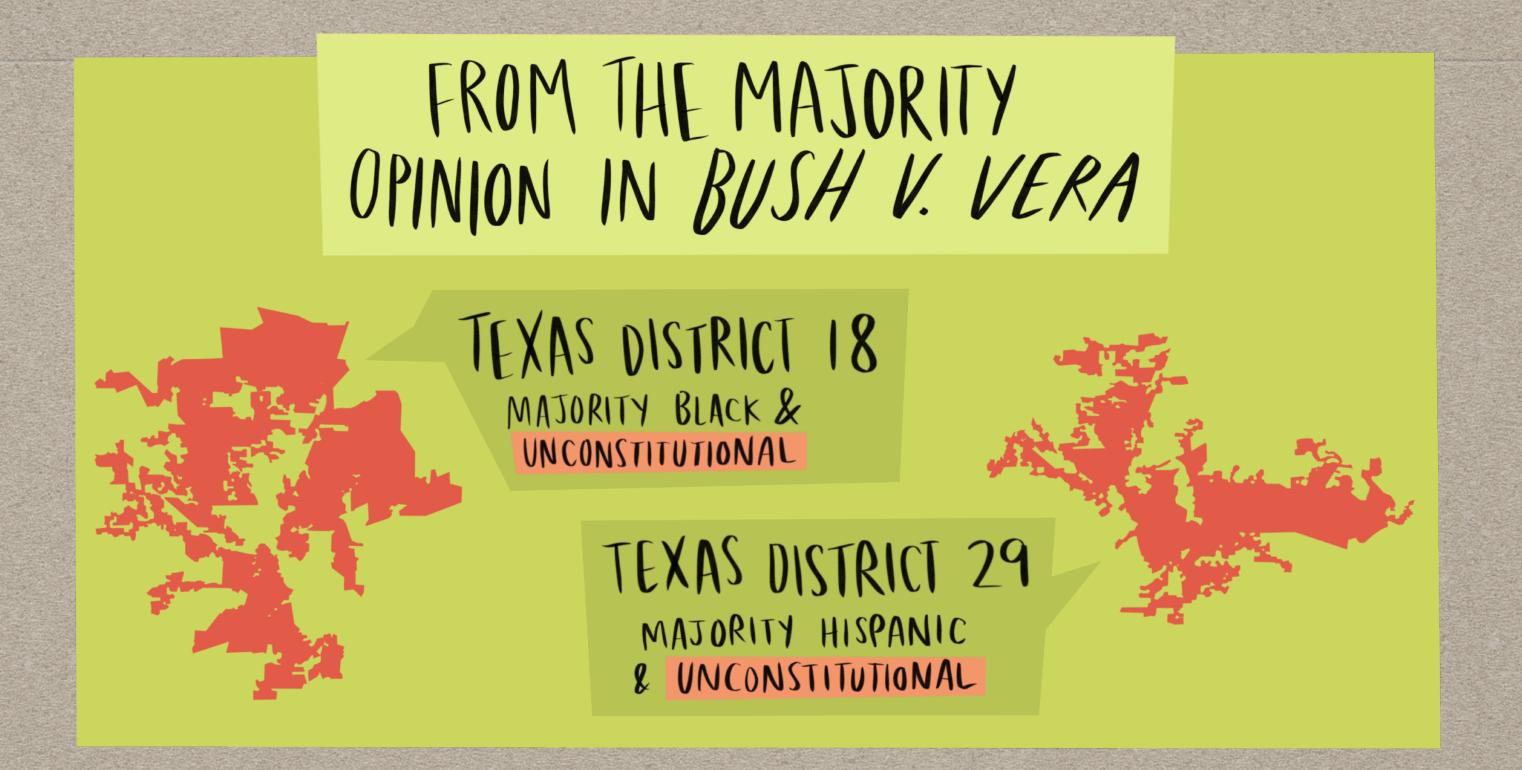
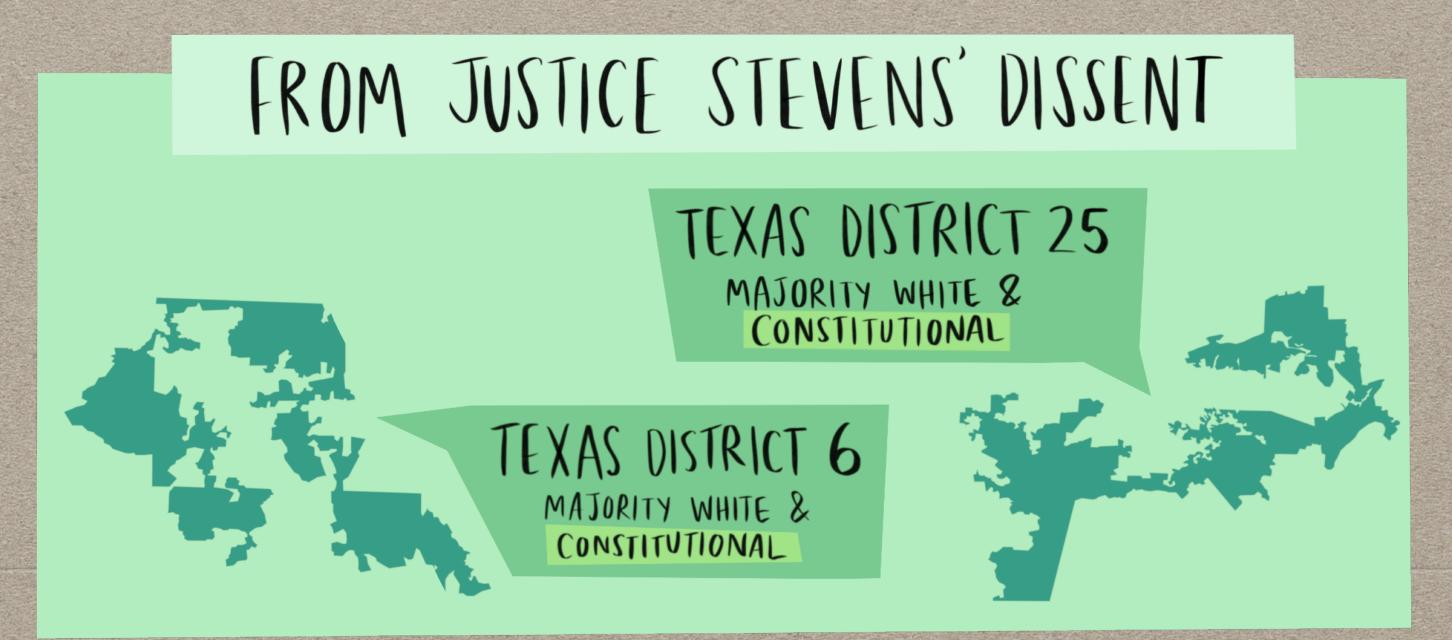


Figure 15: Richmond Area Population and BVAP Shifts

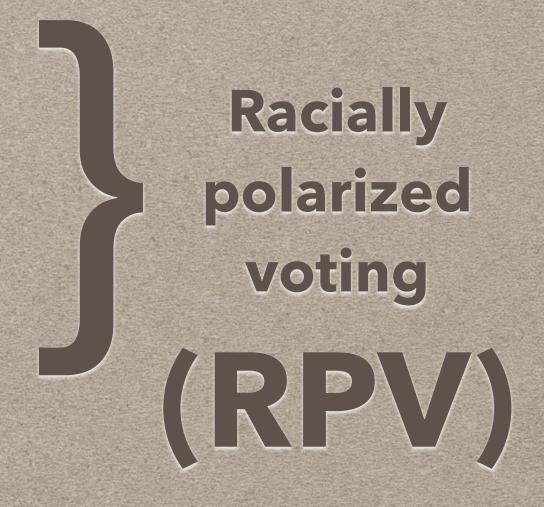
Shifts between non-challenged districts are omitted. Two populations transfers to District 74 are omitted (shown in Figure 14).

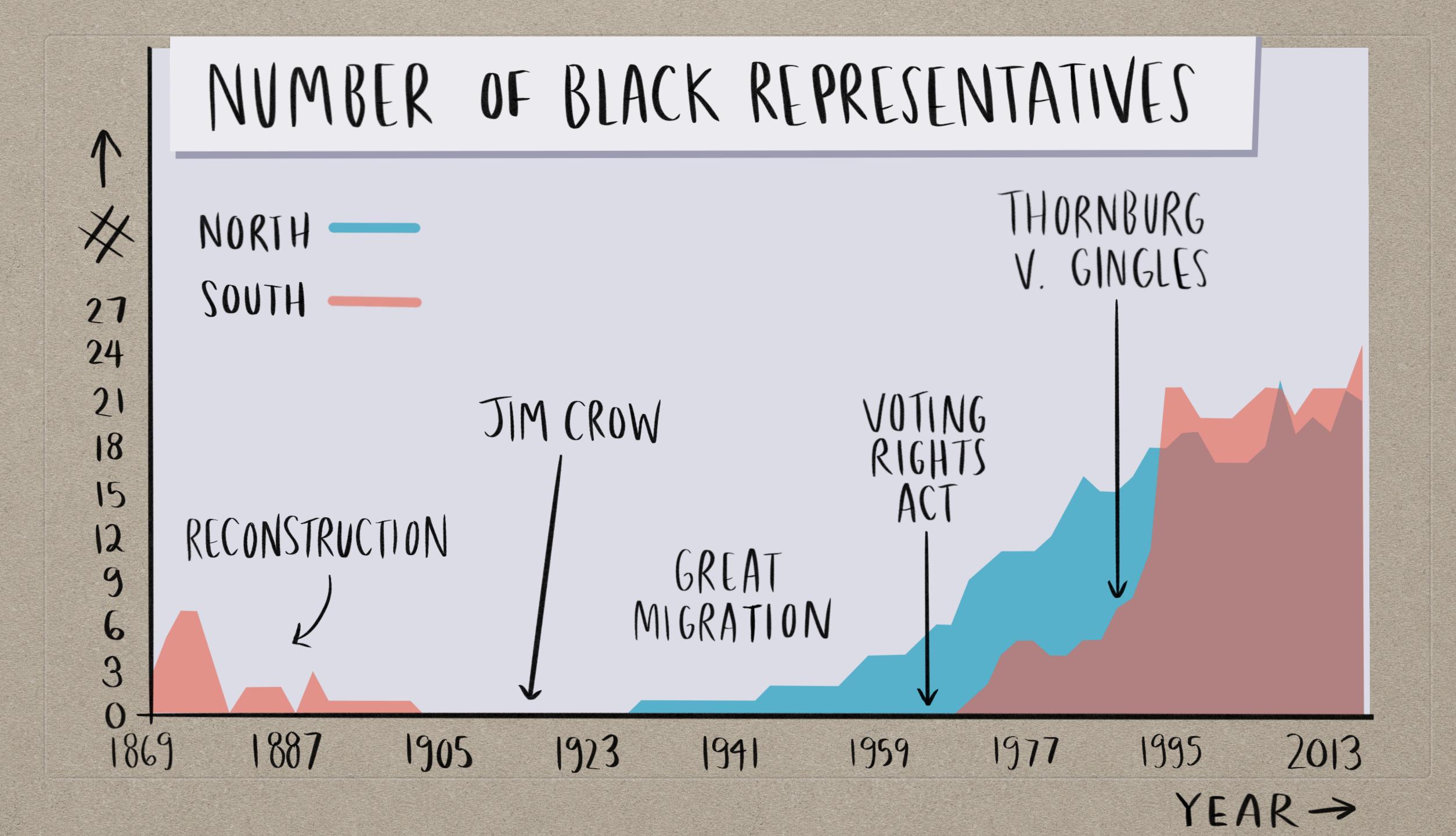




THORNBURG V. GINGLES AND THE "GINGLES FACTORS"

- 1. The racial or language minority group "sufficiently large and geographically compact to constitute a majority in a single-member district."
- 2. The minority group is "politically cohesive."
- 3. The "majority votes sufficiently as a bloc to enable it ... usually to defeat the minority's preferred candidate."





CASE STUDY: CHICAGO

